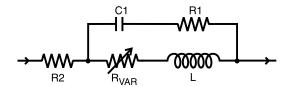
## SPICE Model – 1008LS

This lumped-element (SPICE) model data simulates the frequency-dependent behavior of Coilcraft RF surface mount inductors from 1 MHz to the upper frequency limit shown in the accompanying table.

The equivalent lumped element model schematic is shown below. The element values R1, R2, C, and L are listed for each component value. The value of the frequency-dependent variable resistor  $R_{VAR}$  relates to the skin effect and is calculated from:

$$R_{VAR} = k * \sqrt{f}$$

- k is shown for each value in the accompanying table.
- f is the frequency in Hz



The data represents de-embedded measurements, as described below. Effects due to different customer circuit board traces, board materials, ground planes or interactions with other components are not included and can have a significant effect when comparing the simulation to measurements of the inductors using typical production verification instruments and fixtures.

Typically, the Self-Resonant Frequency (SRF) of the component model will be higher than the measurement of the component mounted on a circuit board. The parasitic reactive elements of a circuit board or fixture will effectively lower the circuit resonant frequency, especially for very small inductance values. Since data sheet specifications are based on typical production measurements, and the SPICE models are based on de-embedded measurements as described below, the model results may be different from the data sheet specifications.

## **Lumped Element Modeling Method**

The measurements were made over a brass ground plane with each component centered over an air gap, as illustrated in Figure 1. The gap width for each size component is given in Table 1. The test pads were 30 mil (50 Ohm) wide traces of tinned gold over 25 mil thick

Table 1. Test Gap

Size	Gap Width (inch/mm)				
0402	0.017 / 0.432				
0603	0.026 / 0.660				
0805	0.040 / 1.016				
1008	0.060 / 1.524				
1206	0.080 / 2.032				
1812	0.120 / 3.048				

alumina, and were not included in the gap. The TRL\* calibration plane is also illustrated in Figure 1.

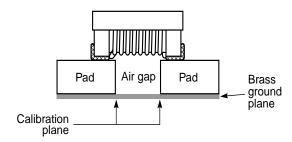


Figure 1. Test Setup

The lumped element values were determined by matching the simulation model to an average of the measurements. This method results in a model that represents as closely as possible the typical frequency-dependent behavior of the component up to a frequency just above the self-resonant frequency of the model.

The lumped element models were used to generate our 2-port S-parameters and therefore give identical results. The S-parameters are available on our web site at http://www.coilcraft.com/models.cfm.

## Disclaimer

Coilcraft makes every attempt to provide accurate measurement data and software, representative of our components, in a usable format. Coilcraft, however, disclaims all warrants relating to the use of its data and software, whether expressed or implied, including without limitation any implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. Coilcraft cannot and will not be liable for any special, incidental, consequential, indirect or similar damages occurring with the use of the data and/or software.



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## SPICE Model for Coilcraft 1008LS Chip Inductors

Part number	R1 (Ω)	R2 (Ω)	C (pF)	L (nH)	k	Upper limit (MHz)
1008LS-122	369	0.60	0.158	1200	7.41E-04	500
1008LS-152	369	0.70	0.185	1500	7.61E-04	400
1008LS-182	384	0.80	0.186	1800	8.40E-04	400
1008LS-222	384	1.10	0.168	2200	9.40E-04	400
1008LS-272	426	1.20	0.181	2700	1.25E-03	300
1008LS-332	261	1.40	0.309	3300	1.45E-03	200
1008LS-392	252	1.50	0.349	3900	1.47E-03	170
1008LS-472	273	1.60	0.285	4700	1.79E-03	170
1008LS-562	179	1.80	0.370	5600	2.06E-03	140
1008LS-682	242	2.00	0.345	6800	2.82E-03	130
1008LS-822	224	2.60	0.445	8200	3.47E-03	110
1008LS-103	300	2.90	0.385	10000	3.89E-03	100

